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## 2020 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PV/S) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. CCR DISTRIBUTION (Check all boxes that apply.) INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other) DATE ISSUED Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement) Ton water bills (Attach copy of bill) □ Email message (Email the message to the address below) □ Other. DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other) DATE ISSUED Distributed via U. S. Postal Mail ☐ Distributed via E-Mail as a URL (Provide Direct URL): Distributed via E-Mail as an attachment □ Distributed via E-Mail as text within the body of email message □ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication) □ Posted in public places (attach list of locations) □ Posted online at the following address (Provide Direct URL): CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply. 6/17/21 Name SUBMISSION OPTIONS (Select one method ONLY) You must email, fax (not preferred), or mail a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) Email: water.reports@ms.th.ms.gov MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Fax: (601) 576-7800 (NOT PREFERRED) Jackson, MS 39215

CCR DEADLINE TO MSDH & CUSTOMERS: EY JULY 1, 2021

2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Hatley Water Department PWS#: 0480008 April 2021

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Gordo Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Town of Hatley have received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Justin Blake Wilson at 662.256.7245. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of the month at 6:30 PM at the Town Hall Board Room.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2020. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2020, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

| TEST RESULTS |                      |                   |                   |                                                             |                          |      |     |                                |  |
|--------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|------|-----|--------------------------------|--|
| Contaminant  | Violatio<br>n<br>Y/N | Date<br>Collected | Level<br>Detected | Range of Detects<br>or # of Samples<br>Exceeding<br>MCL/ACL | Unit<br>Measure<br>-ment | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |  |

| .,                             | 2018/20 | 0     | 0        | ppm | 1.3 | A1 - 1 2 |                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------------|---------|-------|----------|-----|-----|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17. Lead N 20                  |         |       |          |     |     | AL=1.3   | Corrosion of household plumbing<br>systems; erosion of natural deposits;<br>leaching from wood preservatives |
|                                | 018/20  | 0     | 0        | ppb | 0   | AL=15    | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits                                         |
| 19. Nitrate (as N 20 Nitrogen) | 2020    | .23   | No Range | ppm | 10  | 10       | Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits                  |
| Sodium N 20                    | :019*   | 10000 | No Range | ppb | 0   | 0        | Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals. Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.                                  |

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2020.

As you can see by the table, our system had no contaminant violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Town of Hatley Water Department works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Please note: a copy of this report will not be directly delivered to each customer.

## MONROE COUNTY JOURNAL PROOF OF PUBLICATION

## STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF MONROE

Before the undersigned, a Notary Public in

And for said state and county, <u>Emily Paul</u>, managing editor, publisher, clerk and/or general manager of THE MONROE JOURNAL, a newspaper published in Amory, in said County and state makes oath that the

Of which the article hereunto attached is a true copy, was published in said newspaper as follows: Volume:\_\_\_\_, No. Dated: Volume:\_\_\_\_, No.\_\_\_ Dated:\_ Volume:\_\_\_\_, No.\_\_\_\_ Dated:\_ Volume:\_\_\_\_, No.\_\_\_\_ Dated:\_ And I hereby certify that the issues above mentioned have Been examined by me, and I find the publication thereof to Have been duly made, and that The MONROE JOURNAL has Been established, published and had a bonafide circulation In said town, county and state for more than one year next Preceding the first insertion of the article described herein. Editor, publisher, clerk and/or general manager Sworn to and subscribed before me, this Notary Public AMBER J. LING (Seal)

Commission Expires

2020 Annual Drinking Water Guality Report Town of Hatley Water Department PWS#: 0480008 April 2021

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| Contaminant           | Vicintio<br>1<br>Y/N | Date<br>Collected | Detected | Range of Detects<br>or a of Samples<br>Exceeding<br>MOUACL | Unit<br>Measure<br>-ment | MCLG | MCL      | Likely Source of Contamination                                                                              |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|------|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Inorganic             | Contar               | ninants           |          | - 000-                                                     |                          | J.   |          | flusses of                                                                                                  |
| 10. Barium            | N                    | 2020              | 0095     | No Range                                                   | ppm                      | 2    | 2        | Disclarge of drilling wastes; discharge from netal refineries; ercelon of natura dapouts                    |
| 14. Copper            | N                    | 2018/20           | 0        | 0                                                          | ppm                      | 1.3  | ALE1.3   | Corn sion of household plumbing<br>systems; erosion of natural deposits;<br>leading from wood preservatives |
| 17. Lend              | N.                   | 2018/20           | 0        | 0                                                          | ppb                      | 0    | AL=15    | Corn sion of household plumbing<br>systems, erosion of natural deposits                                     |
| Nitrogen)             | N                    | 2020              | 29       | No Range                                                   | ppm                      | 10   |          | Runt f from fertilizer use; leaching from<br>septil tanks, sewage; erosion of natura<br>deposits            |
| sodium                | N                    | 2019*             | 10000    | No Range                                                   | ppb                      | 0    | 0        | Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals<br>Wate Softeners and Sewape Effluents                                 |
| Sodium<br>Disinfectio | n Bv.P               | roducte           | 10000    | No Range                                                   | ррь                      | 0    | 0        | Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemics                                                                          |
| Chlorine              | N                    | 2020              | 13       | .9 - 1,28                                                  | mg/I                     | 0    | MDRL = 4 | Water additive used to control microbes                                                                     |

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